BUILDING TITLE: St Andrews Presbyterian Church BUILDING ADDRESS: 20 Gray St LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE: A B X E | | BUILDING TYPE: church D || DESIGNATION: HBR Req No File # **AHC** File # 003745 NT File # 1472 Class |X | Rec | | CONSERVATION AREA: Church Hill LEVEL OF STREETSCAPE SIGNIFICANCE: 1 | | 2 | X | STYLE: Decorated Gothic CONSTRUCTION DATE & ALTERATIONS: **1.** 1857 (nave ?) **2.** 1877 (extensions) 3. 1907 (transepts and apse?) 4. 5. 6. Sources: 1. foundation stone 2. Garden, p 82 3. foundation stone MATERIALS: Roof: slate Walls: rockface bluestone Dressings: sandstone Plinth: bluestone Windows: sandstone & stained glass Paving: asphalt Other: terra cotta ridge tiles galvanized iron roof vents **SURVEY DATE:** 26/2/91 **NEG FILE:** 1/28,29,30,31 INTEGRITY: E | X | NOTABLE FEATURES: Decorated Gothic "West" window. CONDITION: E |X| G || F ||P || SIGNIFICANCE: The focus for Presbyterianism not just for the Hamilton region but for much of the squatter dominated Western District. The church is an excellent example of the work of Clegg and Miller, Western District architects. ALTERATIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS: Rec Inappropriate: Rec none apparent none apparent

Appropriate:

O=reinstate original design S=reinstate sympathetic alternative R=remove RAM=remove by approved method

SIGNIFICANT OWNERS/TENANTS: ARCHITECTS/BUILDERS: TITLE: 1857 not yet known Presbyterian Church CA Sect Land to Presb Ch Reserve 69/809 (RS 5907) 1877 not known 6 16A 1907 Clegg and Miller, architects 1907 E M Tuxen, contractor COUNCIL COMPUTER # 11606.0006 MORE INFO OVER |X| HAMDS018

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

St Andrew's Presbyterian Church 20 Gray Street

St Andrew's Presbyterian Church, which replaced an earlier church of 1857 on the site, was opened on 6 June 1909. $(^i)$ Its foundation stone was laid on 18 December 1907 by district pastoralist and senior trustee, James Thomson of Monwae. $(^{ii})$ One of the largest country parish churches of Victoria, the present church was built of bluestone with dressings of Mt Abrupt freestone, to the designs of the Ballarat architects Clegg and Miller. $(^{ii})$ The building comprises nave, double transept and spire, with elongated belfry and corner pinnacles, to the north-west. $(^{iv})$ The church, which served a predominantly Scottish congregation of early settlers and distict pastoralists, continues as a focus for the Presbyterian church in the Western District. $(^{v})$

The spire, along with that of its neighbour and that of St Mary's, is one of the landmarks of Hamilton. The church which is of regional significance is at the centre of the St Andrew's complex.

ASSOCIATED HISTORIC THEMES

ASSOCIATED BUILDINGS

Religion: Presbyterianism

Continuing Presbyterianism

Continuing Presbyterianism Sunday School

Education: Sunday

Role of Women: Women's Social Guild

St Andrew's Presbyterian Hall, 18 Gray St St Andrew's Sunday School, 25 McIntyre St

St Andrew's Manse, McIntyre Street

Methodist Church and Hall, 109 & 111 Lonsdale

REFERENCES

Garden, Don, Hamilton, 1984.

St Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, Historical Sketch 1854-1909

National Estate citation

National Trust of Australia (Victoria), File No 1472

St Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, Historical Sketch 1854-1909, Ballarat, 1909.

The First 100 Years St Andrew's Presbyterian Church Hamilton Victoria 1854-1954, Glenelg regional Library, 1954.

HSA DP No. 589-590 (1956).

FOOTNOTES

St Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, Historical Sketch 1854-1909, p7-14.

[&]quot; Ibid., p 13.

Ibid., p 13-14; National Trust of Australia (Victoria), File No 1472.

Ibid.

National Estate citation.