BUILDING TITLE: Argyle Arms Hotel BUILDING ADDRESS: 235 Gray Street								
LEVEL OF SIG	NIFICANCE: A B X	C	D E	BUILDING TYPE:				
DESIGNATION:	HBR Reg No File #	AH	CFile #	NT File #	Class Rec			
CONSERVATION AREA: Gray St Commercial LEVEL OF STREETSCAPE SIGNIFICANCE: 1 2 3 X								
STYLE: Moderne (new facade)								
CONSTRUCTION DATE & ALTERATIONS:								
1. 1864 (original)								
2.								
3. 1930s (ne	w facade)							
4.								
5.								
6.								
Sources:								
	Spectator, 17/9/1864							
and Garden,	D, Hamilton, p 83							
MATERIALS:								
Roof:								
Walls:	rendered brick							
Dressings:	cement render							
Plinth:	glazed tiles							
Windows:	fixed plate glass							
Paving:	red brick							
Other:	terrazzo steps							
	metal awning							
	stainless steel doors							
	SU		: 17/5/91 NEG FI		EPORTER: tfh			
INTEGRITY:	E X G F P	NOTABLE	FEATURES: stainless s	teel trimmings, 🤉	glazed tiles on			
			walls and letteri	ng on awning				
CONDITION:	E X G F P							
SIGNIFICANCE								
by the important Melbourne architects, Seabrook & Fildes. Key position at entrance to Gray Street								
commercial area.								
ALTERATIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS:								
Appropriate:		Rec	Inappropriate:		Rec			
former colou	r scheme		one door partly bric	ked up	R			

O=reinstate original design S=reinstate sympathetic alternative R=remove RAM=remove by approved method

SIGNIFICANT OWNERS/TENANTS:	ARCHITECTS/BUILDERS:	TITLE:	
land to Donald Cameron, 6/10/51	Seabrook & Fildes, architects ?	Sec 1	CA 11

COUNCIL COMPUTER #	MORE INFO OVER X	HAMDS126

Argyle Arms Hotel 235 Gray Street

This building has local historic and architectural significance as a rare surviving 1860s hotel, inns being amongst the earliest structures erected in the Grange township which predated the founding of the Hamilton municipality. The Argyle Arms Hotel, which dates from 1864, $(^i)$ was one of a number of new hotels opened in Gray Street, the commercial and service centre, in that decade. During the 1860s both churches and hotels multiplied rapidly in this period of consolidation and growth. $(^{ii})$ During the shearers' strikes of the late 1880s, there was a camp of union men opposite the Argyle Arms Hotel, who gave the `scabs' who came into Hamilton a hard time. $(^{ii})$

In the early twentieth century this hotel was completely modernised with a new facade designed by the leading Melbourne architects, Seabrook and Fildes. The builder for the renovation was Reg Williams. (^{iv}) The firm renovated the George and Grand Central Hotels as well but the Argyle Arms was the most stylish and is the best preserved. The firm designed and remodelled many other significant buildings in Gray Street. The Argyle Arms survives significantly intact and in excellent condition. It is a key element in the streetscape being at the entrance to the Gray Street commercial area.

ASSOCIATED HISTORIC THEMES

ASSOCIATED HISTORIC BUILDINGS

Evolution Of The Town:	1860s	Grand Central Hotel, Gray Street		
Pastoral Industry:	Shearers	The George Hotel, Gray Street		
		Scullions, Gray Street		
		Millers Department Store, Gray Street		

REFERENCES

Garden, Don, Hamilton, 1984. Hamilton Spectator, 17 September 1864, 31 July 1888.

FOOTNOTES

- ⁱ *Hamilton Spectator*, 17 September 1864; Garden, p 83.
- ⁱⁱ Ibid., and pp 147, 198.
- iii Hamilton Spectator, 31 July 1888.

^{iv} The precise date in the 1930s is not known. The attribution to Seabrook and Fildes is by Mrs Peg Christie, daughter of Reg Williams.